

Brazil

Annual Report 2018

IAC Annual Report General Instructions

Annex IV of the Convention text states that each Contracting Party shall hand in an Annual Report. To complete this Annual Report, Focal Points should consult with various stakeholders involved in sea turtle issues. If you have any questions regarding this Annual Report, please write to the Secretariat *Pro Tempore* at secretario@iacseaturtle.org

Please note that the date to submit this Annual Report is July 30th, 2018.

Part I (General Information)

Please fill out the following tables. Add additional rows if necessary.

a._ Focal Point

Institution	Ministério do Meio Ambiente
Name	Ugo Eichler Vercillo
Date Annual Report submitted	July, 17 th 2018

b. Agency or Institution responsible for preparing this report

Name of Agency or Institution	Fundação Pro-TAMAR
Name of the person responsible for completing this report	Maria Angela Marcovaldi
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c._ Others who participated in the preparation of this report

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Part II (Policy and Management)

a._ General description of activities carried out for the protection and conservation of sea turtles

In accordance with Articles IX and XVIII of the text of the Convention, each Party shall establish monitoring programs, policies and plans for implementation at a national level for the protection and conservation of sea turtles and their habitat.

As a result, the Party shall report on the action plans, management plan or other types of instruments, describing their location, the species considered and the actions implemented by governmental, non-governmental and private institutions related to sea turtles.



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In addition to the above, please fill out the following tables and explain the level of progress in the comments column.

	YES/NO/ In	Comments
	Progress	Comments
Does your country have a national plan of action in accordance with Article XVIII	YES	
Does your country have policies and programs at local and regional levels in accordance with Article XVIII?	YES	"Guia de Licenciamento" – a guidebook for environmental licensing in sea turtle's habitats – was released and shared with local governments and agencies in order to divulge and endorse enforcement of pertinent legislation Available at: http://www.icmbio.gov.br/portal/images/stories/comunicacao/publicacoes/publicacoes- diversas/guia_licenciamento_tartarugas_marinhas_v8.pdf
Does your country have monitoring programs in accordance with Article IX?	YES	

b._ National legislation and international instruments related to sea turtles adopted in the preceding year

Describe any national regulations, international agreements and other legal instruments adopted during the preceding year (April 30, 2017- April 30, 2018) related to sea turtles and/or relevant activities. Provide a reference and attach the digital file for the legislation and its corresponding number. The laws adopting the international legislation should be



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included when they exist.

National Legislation							
Type and name of the legal	Description (Range of	Sanctions(s) Imposed					
instrument (No.)	application)	_					
	Makes the use of circle hook	Sanctions established on the					
PORTARIA	obligatory for all pelagic	laws: DECRETO Nº 6.514,					
INTERMINISTERIAL Nº 74,	longline vessels towarded to	DE 22 DE JULHO DE 2008					
DE 1º DE NOVEMBRO DE	catch tuna and swordfish. All	and LEI N° 9.605, DE 12					
2017	vessels should also carry	DE FEVEREIRO DE 1998					
	onboard: linecutter, dehooker,						
	hookcutter and dip net.						
	International Instruments						
Treaty, Convention, Agre	eements, Memorandum of	Year signed and/or ratified					
Unders	tanding						
AS SAME ON TH	AS SAME ON THE LAST REPORT						

Note: If this is the first time a country is submitting this information, please include all pertinent national legislation and international instruments currently in force.



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c._Actions for compliance with national and international legislation

c.1 IAC Resolutions

Fill in the following tables for each of the IAC Resolutions listed below. In the case that a Resolution does not apply to your country, please mark the box RESOLUTION DOES NOT APPLY, and if a specific question does not apply, please mark the column DOES NOT APPLY. If you need more space to describe these actions, please attach additional pages and note the resolution and question number to which you are responding.

Resolution CIT-COP7-2015-R2: Conservation of the Eastern Pacific Leatherback Turtle (*Dermochelys coriacea*)

RESOLUTION DOES NOT APPLY DOES IS COMPLYING WITH THE NO YES **DESCRIBE ACTION (*)** NOT **FOLLOWING:** APPLY 1a) Have you created conservation plans and long-term programs that can reverse Х the critical situation of the leatherback turtle in the Eastern Pacific? 1b) Are implementing you these Х conservation plans and monitoring programs? 2. Have you taken conservation measures Х to eliminate poaching of leatherback turtles? 3. If your country has leatherback turtle nesting beaches in the Eastern Pacific: Х Have you taken conservation measures to protect the nesting sites and their associated habitats? 4. Has your country adopted fishing techniques that reduce incidental capture Х and mortality of this species?

ACCORDING TO RESOLUTION CIT-COP7-2015-R2, REPORT WHETHER YOUR COUNTRY:

(*) Specify actions implemented, the name of the project or relevant document, location, objective(s), institutions responsible, contact, financial or other support (optional), results (both positive and negative) and duration.



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Resolution CIT-COP8-2017-R2: Conservation of the Hawksbill Turtle (*Eretmochelys imbricata*)

ACCORDING TO RESOLUTION CIT-COP8-2017-R2, REPORT WHETHER YOUR COUNTRY:

IS COMPLYING WITH THE FOLLOWING:	YE S	N O	DESCRIBE ACTION (*)	DOE S NOT APPL Y
1. Are yo strengthening monitoring of th illegal use and trade of hawksbill turtles ar their products	e f d			Х
2. Are you enforcir pertinent hawksbi legislation?			"Guia de Licenciamento" – a guidebook for environmental licensing in sea turtle's habitats – was released and shared with local governments and agencies in order to divulge and endorse enforcement of pertinent legislation Available at: http://www.icmbio.gov.br/portal/images/stories/comunicacao/publica coes/publicacoes- diversas/guia licenciamento tartarugas marinhas v8.pdf	
3. Are activities beir carried out in order stop the illegal trac of hawksbill products	o e			X
4. Indicate if a) your country Protect is on of strengthenin nesting g the habita	of S	X	No protected area planned for nesting habitat. Same conservation actions as before, under the National Action Plan For Marine Turtles, coordinated by ICMBio	
protection of b) important Protec	X i f g		 New MPA-Marine Protected Areas created (19 March 2018) around the islands of <i>Trindade and Martim Vaz</i> – 449.550 km² and archipelago of <i>São Pedro e São Paulo</i> – 471.532 km². There is data showing they are feeding areas for <i>E. imbricata</i>, but more studies are needed. Telemetry studying the migratory routes of adults. 	

RESOLUTION DOES NOT APPLY



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(*) Specify actions implemented, the name of the project or relevant document, location,

objective(s), institutions responsible, contact, financial or other support (optional), results (both positive and negative) and duration.



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Resolution CIT-COP7-2015-R3: Resolution on the Conservation of the Loggerhead Sea Turtle (*Caretta caretta*)

ACCORDING TO RESOLUTION CIT-COP7-2015-R3, REPORT WHETHER YOUR COUNTRY:

			RESOLUTION DOES NOT APPLY	
IS COMPLYING WITH THE FOLLOWING:	YES	NO	DESCRIBE ACTION (*)	DOES NOT APPLY
1. Has your country created national action plans or monitoring programs to promote loggerhead sea turtle conservation?	X		Conservation actions under the National Action Plan For Marine Turtles, coordinated by ICMBio	
2. State if there are plans or recovery programs, or bilateral or regional cooperation.	X		- ASO Network - South Atlantic Sea Turtle Network - SASTN	
3. Are these action plans or monitoring programs being implemented?	x		Conservation actions under the National Action Plan For Marine Turtles, coordinated by ICMBio	
4. Is there protection of the species at a state or federal level?	X			
5. If your country has loggerhead turtles nesting beaches:				
5a. Has your country taken conservation actions to protect nesting beaches and their associated habitats?	x		Conservation actions under the National Action Plan For Marine Turtles, coordinated by ICMBio	
5b. Are there laws on turtle-friendly lighting in areas impacted by coastal development?	x		Portaria IBAMA n°11/1995	
5c. Is there long-term (minimum 10 years) standardized data available for population trend studies?	x			
6. Is there exploitation or direct harvest of loggerhead sea turtles in your country?		X		

(*) Specify actions implemented, the name of the project or relevant document, location, objective(s), institutions responsible, contact, financial or other support (optional), results (both positive and negative) and duration



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Resolution CIT-COP3-2006-R2: Reduction of the adverse impacts of fisheries on sea turtles

ACCORDING TO RESOLUTION CIT-COP3-2006-R2, REPORT WHETHER YOUR COUNTRY:

In the column for "species" please use: Cm (Chelonia mydas), Lo (Lepidochelys olivacea), Dc (Dermochelys coriacea), Cc (Caretta caretta), Lk (Lepidochelys kempii), Ei (Eretmochelys imbricata)

IS COMPLYING WITH THE FOLLOWING:	YES	NO	DESCRIBE ACTION (*)	SPECIES	DOES NOT APPLY
Agriculture Organization (FAO), incl	uding:		lity induced by fisheries operations", of	the United Nat	ions Food and
A.Research and monitoring of the ad-	verse im	pact of t	fisheries on sea turtles		
i) Collect information by fishery	X		Qualitative data (Turtle species (including Biological data) fishery type, beyond, spatial and temporal data) and quantitative data about sea turtle interaction with monitored fisheries. The main fisheries monitored are: longline, bottom otter trawls, pair trawls, some kinds of gillnets, corrals and pound nets	LO CM EI CC DC	
ii) Observer programs	Х		In Brazil, the official program of on- board observers was suspended in 2012 and since then only some punctual initiatives have been carried on by some NGOs and governmental agencies	LO CM EI CC DC	
iii) Research on sea turtle/fishery interactions	X		 The National Action Plan to Conservation of Sea Turtles – Centro Tamar-ICMBio; Fundação Pró-TAMAR - Fundação Centro Brasileiro de Proteção e Pesquisa das Tartarugas Marinhas; IPEC - Instituto de Pesquisas Cananéia/SP Projeto BIOPESCA Santos e Guarujá/SP IBAMA - Instituto Brasileiro do Meio Ambiente e dos Recursos Naturais Renováveis: ICMBio - Instituto Chico Mendes de Conservação da Biodiversidade ✓ Centro Nacional de Pesquisa e Conservação da Biodiversidade Marinha do Nordeste do Brasil /CEPENE/ICMBio ✓ Núcleo de Educação 	LO CM EI CC DC	



Country

✓ Centro Nacional de	
Pesquisa e Conservação	
da Biodiversidade	
Marinha do Norte do	
Brasil - CEPNOR/ICMBIO	
– PA;	
✓ Centro Nacional de	
Pesquisa e Conservação	
da Biodiversidade	
Marinha do Sudeste e Sul	
do Brasil; CEPSUL/ICMBIO	
- UFPR - Universidade Federal do	
Paraná - Centro de Estudos do	
Mar/PR	
- UFMG - Universidade Federal de	
Minas Gerais/MG	
- INEMA – Instituto do Meio	
Ambiente e Recursos Hídricos- BA	
- UVV - Universidade de Vila	
Velha/ES	
- Associação Guajiru: Ciência -	
Educação – Meio Ambiente /PB	
- UFES - Universidade Federal do	
Espírito Santo/ES	
- NEMA - Núcleo de Educação e	
Monitoramento Ambiental/RS	
- UFS - Universidade Federal de	
Sergipe - Dept. Engenharia de	
Pesca/SE	
- AQUASIS - Associação de Pesquisa	
e Preservação de Ecossistemas	
Aquáticos/CE	
- UFPA - Universidade Federal do	
Pará/PA	
- UERJ - Universidade do Estado do	
Rio de Janeiro/RJ	
 Laboratório de Mamíferos 	
Aquáticos e	
Bioindicadores – MAQUA	
- Universidade Federal de Santa	
Catarina - UFSC	
- Universidade Federal Rural de	
Pernambuco - UFRPE	
- FURG-Universidade Federal do Rio	
Grande/RS	
- FMA - Fundação Mamíferos	
Aquáticos/SE	
- Instituto Aquamazon – PA	
- Universidade Pio X - Dept. de	
Medicina Veterinária/SE	
- PUC-RS – Pontifícia Universidade	
Católica/RS	
· · · · ·	



Country

Convergão Interamericavo para a Proleção a a Cabereração das Tarturação Mariebas			_	-	
			- Instituto Albatroz/SP		
			- Instituto de Pesca/SP		
			- IPCMar – Instituto de Pesquisa e		
			Conservação Marinha/ES		
			 Instituto Argonauta/SP 		
			- Biopesca/SP		
			- Instituto Australis/SC		
			- Gremar/SP		
			- R3 Animal/SC		
			- Univille/SC		
			- UDESC/SC		
			- CTA/RJ, ES		
iv) Information on non-Party vessels		Х			
v) Cooperation with non-Party		Х			
states to obtain information					
B. Mitigation measures for the follow	ving fish	eries.			
D. Whitgation measures for the follow	ing non	erres.			
i) Long-line	Х		Circle hook 18/0 (now mandatory,	LO	
-, Long inte	1		see Portaria Interministerial no. 74	CC	
				DC	
			above), 10° off set, line cutter, de	DC	
			hooker, post capture handling -		
			although most of these are not		
			mandatory, we have been working		
			hard for their constant use. Some		
			fishermen are as volunteer		
			exchanging the hooks in their fleets		
ii) Gillnets	Х		As a mitigation measure for coastal	LO	
			gillnets, we have tested the fishing	СМ	
			time of the nets, comparing the	EI	
			capture of turtles and target species	CC	
			during daytime and nighttime (São	DC	
			Paulo state). The results gained		
			were very good and suggesting that		
			fishing with coastal gillnets during		
			nighttime reduce the sea turtles		
			incidental capture and increase the		
			target species capture.		
iii) Trawling (e.g., 1. TEDs:	X		Although the use of TED is	LO	
specify legally approved	1			CC	
TEDs, their dimensions,			mandatory in Brazil (INSTRUÇÃO		
			NORMATIVA MMA № 31, DE 13 DE	СМ	
material, and target species			DEZEMBRO DE 2004), most		
for that fishery, 2.time-area			fishermen do not use it and there is		
closures: specify a			little or no enforcement by the		
geographical area, time of			authorities.		
closure and target species					
for that fishery, 3. tow times			The time area closure for chains		
and/or 4. other measures)			The time-area closure for shrimp		
, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			fishing that occurs on the coast of		
			Sergipe and northern of Bahia, takes		
			place in two periods: April 1 to May		
			15 and from 1 December to 15		
			January. The second period		
	I		sumary. The second period		



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	ionençõis bitenmerkono para a Proteção a o Concernação das Tartoniços Marinhan					
				(December – January) overlap with the main nesting season of olive ridleys, collaborating to reduce the incidental capture of adult nesting females. The Federal University of Rio Grande -FURG in partnership with Centro Nacional de Pesquisa e Conservação da Biodiversidade Marinha do Sudeste e Sul do Brasil		
				(CEPSUL/ICMBio) are developing and testing some TED's design according to the characteristics of each shrimp trawl fleet in Santa Catarina State with the voluntary participation of fishermen. To support this initiative there is a partnership with NOAA Fisheries – Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Harvesting Systems Unit – Mississippi Laboratories		
iv)	Other fishing gear (indicate		Х			
v)	which one(s)) Training programs for fisherman about best practices for safe handling and release of sea turtles incidentally caught	X		 Training the on-board observers to identify, collecting data and handling sea turtles incidentally captured; Training of ship masters and fishermen about use of mitigation measures and post capture handling; Use of the vídeo "a pescaria de espinhel de superfície e as tartarugas marinhas II" (the longline fishery and sea turtles - by Projeto Tamar), on board of longline vessels; Educational campaign along the main feeding and nesting areas "Nem tudo que cai na rede é peixe". 	LO CM EI CC DC	
i)	Support socio-economic activities that help mitigate adverse impacts of fisheries on sea turtles	X		Since its creation (38 years ago) Tamar has worked involving the local community in conservation and protection of the sea turtles. Different ecologically sound alternatives of income and direct job opportunities have been developed by TAMAR, such as : i) recycled paper manufacture (São	LO CM EI CC DC	



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Paulo state),	
ii) two clothes factories (Espírito	
Santo and Sergipe states),	
iii) embroidery and lace groups (São	
Paulo, Sergipe and Ceará states),	
iv) one child day care center (Bahia	
state)	
v) one preschool (Bahia State)	
vi) hand craft groups (Rio Grande do	
Sul, São Paulo, Rio de Janeiro,	
Espírito Santo, Bahia, Sergipe states)	

(*) Specify actions implemented, the name of the project or relevant document, location, objective(s), institutions responsible, contact, financial or other support (optional), results (both positive and negative) and duration.

c.2 National and International Mandates

List actions that are being carried out to comply with national and international mandates (Ex: inspections, confiscations, sanctions, etc.)

d._Application [submission] of exceptions established in the Convention

Describe in detail the exceptions allowed in accordance with article IV, item 3(a,b,d) and Annex IV of the text of the Convention, in accordance to the procedure established by the COP (Doc. CIT-COP5-2011-R2). Attach management program.



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Part III (Research information)

a._ Threats

Indicate threats (Coastal development, incidental capture, direct use, contamination and pathogens, and climate change) by species, with information on the area and activities taken to control them in the following table. Lo = Lepidochelys olivacea; Lk = Lepidochelys kempii; Dc = Dermochelys coriacea; Ei = Eretmochelys imbricata; Cc = Caretta caretta; Cm = Chelonia mydas.

Species	Threat(s)		Actions				
Lo	⊠Coastal development		National Action Plan for Sea				
	⊠Incidental capture	□Pathogens	Turtles				
	□Direct use	⊠Climate change					
Lk	□Coastal development		Does not aplly				
	□Incidental capture	□Pathogens					
	□Direct use	□Climate change					
Dc	⊠Coastal development		National Action Plan for Sea				
	⊠Incidental capture	□Pathogens	Turtles				
	□Direct use	⊠Climate change					
Ei	⊠Coastal development		National Action Plan for Sea				
	⊠Incidental capture	□Pathogens	Turtles				
	□Direct use	⊠Climate change					
Cm	□Coastal development	⊠Contamination	National Action Plan for Sea				
	⊠Incidental capture	⊠Pathogens	Turtles				
	□Direct use	⊠Climate change					
Cc	⊠Coastal development		National Action Plan for Sea				
	⊠Incidental capture	□Pathogens	Turtles				
	□Direct use	⊠Climate change					



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b._Research

Describe scientific research that is being carried out in the country relating to sea turtle population assessments including tagging, migration, and genetic studies, as well as those relating to conservation issues including habitat monitoring, fisheries interactions, disease, etc. Provide a list of references for the information used in this report and note how to obtain them when needed.

In addition to the above, please fill out the following table on the types of research being carried out in the country and with what <u>species</u>.

Research	Specie(s)(Lo, Lk, Cm, Ei, Cc, Dc)
Tagging	Lo, Cm, Ei, Cc, Dc
Migration	Lo, Cm, Ei, Cc, Dc
Genetics	Lo, Cm, Ei, Cc, Dc
Habitat monitoring	Lo, Cm, Ei, Cc, Dc
Fisheries interactions	Lo, Cm, Ei, Cc, Dc
Disease	Ст

c._ Other activities

Include information on environmental education activities, programs to establish and manage protected areas, and cooperative activities with other Party countries.



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Part IV: Annexes

Table 1: Species Present

Place an X in the box when the species listed is present in the oceanographic basins of your country as established in Article III of the text of the Convention. Lo = Lepidochelys olivacea; Lk = Lepidochelys kempii; Dc = Dermochelys coriacea; Ei = Eretmochelys imbricata; Cm = Chelonia mydas; Cc = Caretta caretta.

Species	Pacific	Atlantic	Caribbean Sea
Lo		Х	
Lk			
Dc		Х	
Ei		Х	
Cm		Х	
Cc		Х	



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Table 2: Index nesting sites or beaches for sea turtle conservation

- a. This table is intended to report information on index nesting sites or beaches for each species. For beaches that have multiple species nesting, enter that beach under the list for the primary nesting species. When entering information on nesting site or beaches, information is to be entered for each species independently. Indicate the names of index nesting sites. On a separate sheet of paper, indicate the selection criteria used for identifying the index beach, for example, because it hosts a significant proportion of the overall nesting population within a region or other defined unit or genetic importance. Please use the index sites that you country have elected included in the document circulated with this report.
- b. Nesting season: Indicate the starting and finishing date of the nesting season.
- c. Monitoring period: Indicate the starting and finishing date of monitoring efforts.
- d. Survey frequency: Indicate the frequency with which the surveys are done (daily, weekly, bi-weekly, monthly, among others).
- e. Geographic location: Specify latitude and longitude in decimal degrees.
- f. Extension of beach monitored: Provide the total length (in Kilometers) of the nesting beach.
- g. Declared protection area: Indicate (yes or no) if the area is declared as some type of protected area.
- h. Annual nesting abundance: Provide information on the total number of females and/or clutches or nests deposited at the nesting site or beach in real numbers. Provide the exact count of females based on tagged or uniquely identified individuals. If the exact number of clutches is unknown provide a total number of nests.
- *i.* Information from tagging program: Indicate if there have been any tagging activities at the nesting beach by using the letters of the type of tagging being done: flipper tagging (FT), passive integrated transponder (PIT) tagging, and satellite telemetry (ST) programs. If possible, on a separate sheet or as attached reference provide greater detail about the type of tagging efforts conducted. Also, provide satellite telemetry maps or flipper tag recovery information if available.
- *j. Tissue sampling: Indicate if there has been tissue sampling conducted at this site. This includes skin, blood, and other body tissues. On a separate sheet, or as attached references describe these tissue sampling programs in greater detail. For example, were samples collected for genetic, contaminant, and/or stable isotope studies?*
- k. Indicate what organization or entity is providing the data.
- 1. When inserting new rows, please copy and paste the drop-down menus when applicable.



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Spp	Name of Index Nesting Site or Beach	Nesting Sea	eason	Monitoring Period			Geographic Location (Lat/Lon) in Decimal Degrees		f beach (km)	Declared	Annual Nesting Abundance			Tagging	Tissue	Organization
		Start	Finish	Start	Finish	Survey Frequency	Latitude	Longitude	Extension of beach monitored (km)	Protected Area (Yes/No)	Females Exact Count	Clutches Exact Count	Number of Nests	Program (FT, ST, PIT)	Sampling (Yes, No)	or entity providing data
	Mangue Seco	september	march	september	march	daily	-11,48089	-37,36747	08	Yes			453	FT	Yes	TAMAR
Lo	Coqueiros	september	march	september	march	daily	-11,53528	-37,40609	06	Yes			274	FT	Yes	TAMAR
	Pirambu	september	march	september	march	daily	-10,70920	-36,81259	12	Yes			1287	FT	Yes	TAMAR
Lk																
LK																
Dc	Comboios	september	march	september	march	daily	-19,72640	-39,95456	37	Yes			33	FT	Yes	TAMAR
De	Povoação	september	march	september	march	daily	-19,61201	-39,79700	10	No			13	FT	Yes	TAMAR
	Interlagos	septmber	april	septmber	april	daily	-12,82408	-38,223048	11	No			244	None	No	TAMAR
Ei	Berta	septmber	april	septmber	april	daily	-12,72910	-38,14012	07	No			220	None	No	TAMAR
	Guarajuba	septmber	april	septmber	april	daily	-12,64944	-38,064919	16	No			170	None	No	TAMAR



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	Praia do Forte	septmber	april	septmber	april	daily	-12,55049	-37,99060	14	No		199	FT	Yes	TAMAR
	Ріра	november	may	november	may	daily	-06,22961	-35,048	42	No		840	FT & ST	Yes	TAMAR
Cm	Trindade Island	december	june	december	june	daily	-20,50910	-29,32494	-	Yes		2582	FT	Yes	TAMAR
Cc	Farol	september	march	september	march	daily	-22,0406	-41,0478	30	No		598	FT	Yes	TAMAR
	Comboios	september	march	september	march	daily	-19,72640	-39,95456	37	Yes		563	FT	Yes	TAMAR
	Povoação	september	march	september	march	daily	-19,61201	-39,79700	10	No		417	FT	Yes	TAMAR
	Interlagos	september	april	september	april	daily	-12,82408	-38,223048	11	No		1355	None	No	TAMAR
	Guarajuba	september	april	september	april	daily	-12,64944	-38,064919	16	No		619	None	No	TAMAR
	Praia do Forte	september	april	september	april	daily	-12,55049	-37,99060	14	No		731	FT & ST	Yes	TAMAR